Thermo-Flex Thermo-Caulk
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Date of issue: 03/25/2014  Revision date: 11/07/2014  Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form: Mixture
Trade name: Thermo-Flex Thermo-Caulk
Product code: TF Caulk

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture: Single component, water-based, elastomeric sealant. It is a knife-grade caulking that when cured forms a tough, flexible membrane that seals out moisture.
Use of the substance/mixture: For professional use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Lapolla Industries, Inc.
15402 Vantage Parkway East, Ste. 322
Houston, Texas 77032
Tel: +1 281 219 4100, (877) 636-2648
Email: sds@lapolla.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number: CARECHEM (866) 928-0789

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Skin Corr. 1B  H314
Eye Dam.  1    H318
Skin Sens. 1   H317
Carc. 2  H351

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US):

Signal word (GHS-US): Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US):
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
Precautionary statements (GHS-US):
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours, fume, gas, dust
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor/…
P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label)
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
Thermo-Flex Thermo-Caulk
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P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

other hazards which do not result in classification: Spilled material may present a slipping hazard. Spills may cause collapse or fall.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol, 1-phenoxy-</td>
<td>(CAS No) 770-35-4</td>
<td>&lt;30</td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3(H)-Iothiazolone, 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-</td>
<td>(CAS No) 64359-81-5</td>
<td>5 - 8</td>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B, H314, Eye Dam. 1, H318, Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic</td>
<td>(CAS No) 64742-88-7</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>STOT RE 1, H372, Asp. Tox. 1, H304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>(CAS No) 13463-67-7</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>Garc. 2, H351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives</td>
<td>(CAS No) 68584-22-5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2A, H319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl).alpha.-{4+1,3,3-tetramethylybutyl}phenyl.-omega.-hydroxy-</td>
<td>(CAS No) 9002-93-1</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302, Skin Irrit. 2, H315, Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydroxyethylcellulose</td>
<td>(CAS No) 9004-62-0</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315, Eye Irrit. 2A, H319, STOT SE 3, H335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pentapotassium tripophosphate</td>
<td>(CAS No) 13845-36-8</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>(CAS No) 64742-65-0</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1, H304</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash hands with water and soap. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.
First-aid measures after eye contact: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Subsequently consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Give water to drink if victim completely conscious/alert. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Inhalation of mist or aerosol may cause irritation to nose and throat. In case of repeated or prolonged exposure: Lungs irritation. Dizziness, headaches, nausea. Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms include redness, itching, and burning of the skin. May cause severe burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray, dry chemical powder. Foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
No additional information available

5.3. Advice for firefighters
Firefighting instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Protective equipment for firefighters: Wear proper protective equipment. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus.
Other information: Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
General measures: Ensure adequate ventilation. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard. Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel
Protective equipment: Wear suitable protective clothing. Refer to section 8.

6.1.2. For emergency responders
Protective equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Relevant water authorities should be notified of any large spillage to water course or drain.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up: Wear proper protective equipment. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Collect all waste in suitable and labelled containers and dispose according to local legislation. Avoid static electricity discharges. Store away from other materials. Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections
For further information refer to section 8: Exposure-controls/personal protection. For disposal of residues refer to section 13: Disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Precautions for safe handling: Obtain special instructions before use. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Hygiene measures: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Technical measures: Provide adequate ventilation. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.
Storage conditions: Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed in a cool place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from highly flammable substances. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Avoid Freezing. PROTECT FROM FREEZING DURING SHIPMENT AND STORAGE. Do not store material at temperatures below 50 °F (10 °C).
Storage temperature: The minimum recommended storage temperature for this material is between 55 °F (13 °C) and 90 °F (32 °C). Keep from freezing, material may coagulate

7.3. Specific end use(s)
No additional information available
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Limestone (1317-65-3)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide adequate ventilation. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment: An approved organic vapour respirator/supplied air or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used when vapour concentration exceeds applicable exposure limits. Protective goggles, Gloves. Protective clothing. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection: Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles. Contact lenses should not be worn.

Skin and body protection: Long sleeved protective clothing. Personal protective clothing should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling.

Respiratory protection: An approved organic vapour respirator/supplied air or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used when vapour concentration exceeds applicable exposure limits. Use an approved air purifying respirator equipped with an ammonia/methylamine cartridge. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>Liquid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>White or colors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>odour</td>
<td>Slight odour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>8.5 - 9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>100 °C (212 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density at 20 °C</td>
<td>Heavier than air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1.45 - 1.47 Specific Gravity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Solubility : soluble in water.

Log Pow : No data available

Log Kow : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidising properties : No data available

Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 20.1 g/l (0.17 lb/gal)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid Freezing. Heat, open flame, sparks, hot surfaces, ignition sources, elevated temperature.

Avoid exposure to temperatures above 150 °F (65.6 °C)

May emit toxic materials when heated to 350° F (177 °C) or above.

10.5. Incompatible materials


10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products are Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/or nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]-omega.-hydroxy- (9002-93-1)

LD50 oral rat 1800 mg/kg

ATE US (oral) 1800.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight

Limestone (1317-65-3)

LD50 oral rat > 6450 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic (64742-88-7)

LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg

LD50 dermal rabbit 3000 mg/kg

LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) > 5.28 mg/l/4h

ATE US (dermal) 3000.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight

2-Propanol, 1-phenoxy- (770-35-4)

LD50 oral rat 2830 mg/kg

ATE US (oral) 2830.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives (68584-22-5)

LD50 oral rat 5230 mg/kg

LD50 dermal rat 9500 mg/kg

ATE US (oral) 5230.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight

ATE US (dermal) 9500.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
## Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD50 oral rat</td>
<td>&gt; 10000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Pentapotassium triphosphate (13845-36-8)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD50 oral rat</td>
<td>2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (oral)</td>
<td>2000.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  

pH: 8.5 - 9.5  

Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye damage.  

pH: 8.5 - 9.5  

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction.  

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

## Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic (64742-88-7)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status</td>
<td>1 - Evidence of Carcinogenicity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IARC group</td>
<td>2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  

Aspiration hazard: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Inhalation of mist or aerosol may cause irritation to nose and throat. In case of repeated or prolonged exposure: Lungs irritation. Dizziness, headaches, nausea. Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.  

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms include redness, itching, and burning of the skin. May cause severe burns.  

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling.  


## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limestone (1317-65-3)</td>
<td>&gt; 200 mg/l 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 fishes 1</td>
<td>&gt; 2 mg/l 96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 Daphnia 1</td>
<td>&gt; 1.4 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ErC50 (algae)</td>
<td>&gt; 1 mg/l 72 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives (68584-22-5)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 fishes 1</td>
<td>&gt; 10000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 Daphnia 1</td>
<td>1919 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 fishes 1</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 Daphnia 1</td>
<td>&gt; 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic (64742-88-7)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCF fish 1</td>
<td>(bioaccumulation expected)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Benzesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives (68584-22-5)

Log Pow 2 (at 23 °C)

12.4. Mobility in soil
No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects
Other adverse effects: Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.
Effect on ozone layer: No additional information available
Effect on the global warming: No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulations. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.
Additional information: Do not re-use empty containers. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources.
Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow into drains or water courses.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT
Transport document description: UN1760 Corrosive liquids, n.o.s., 8, II
UN-No.(DOT): 1760
DOT NA no.: UN1760
Proper Shipping Name (DOT): Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Hazard labels (DOT): 8 - Corrosive

DOT Symbols: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
Packing group (DOT): II - Medium Danger
IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 °C (1.1 bar at 122 °F), or 130 kPa at 55 °C (1.3 bar at 131 °F) are authorized.
T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal............. 178.275(d)(3)
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image)
Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 °C (59 °F) and 50 °C (122 °F), respectively.
TPP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) 30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location: B - (i) The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) “On deck only” on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other: 40 - Stow “clear of living quarters”

Additional information: No supplementary information available.

ADR
Transport document description: No additional information available

Transport by sea
UN-No. (IMDG): 1760
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG): CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG): 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG): II - substances presenting medium danger

Air transport
No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information
15.1. US Federal regulations
No additional information available

15.2. International regulations
CANADA
Limestone (1317-65-3)
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)
WHMIS Classification: Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Hydroxyethylcellulose (9004-62-0)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification: Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic (64742-88-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification: Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification: Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU-Regulations
No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
No additional information available

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]
No additional information available

15.2. National regulations
No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations
No additional information available

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - No significance risk level (NSRL)
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Carcinogens List</th>
<th>Developmental Toxicity</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Reproductive Toxicity - Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 16: Other information

- Indication of changes: 3. Composition/information on ingredients. 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.
- Revision date: 11/7/2014 12:00:00 AM
- Sources of Key data: SDS - Safety Data Sheet.
- Other information: None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

- **Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)**: Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
- **Asp. Tox. 1**: Aspiration hazard, Category 1
- **Carc. 2**: Carcinogenicity, Category 2
- **Eye Dam. 1**: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
- **Eye Irrit. 2A**: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
- **Skin Corr. 1B**: Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
- **Skin Irrit. 2**: Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
- **Skin Sens. 1**: Sensitisation — Skin, category 1
- **STOT RE 1**: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
- **STOT SE 3**: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
- **H302**: Harmful if swallowed
- **H304**: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- **H314**: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- **H315**: Causes skin irritation
- **H317**: May cause an allergic skin reaction
- **H318**: Causes serious eye damage
- **H319**: Causes serious eye irritation
- **H335**: May cause respiratory irritation
- **H351**: Suspected of causing cancer
- **H372**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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